

CREDIT OPINION

27 October 2023

Update



RATINGS

Great Places Housing Group

| Domicile | United Kingdom |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Long Term Rating | A3 |
| Туре | LT Issuer Rating - Dom Curr |
| Outlook | Stable |

Please see the <u>ratings section</u> at the end of this report for more information. The ratings and outlook shown reflect information as of the publication date.

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Great Places Housing Group (UK)

Update following outlook change to stable from negative

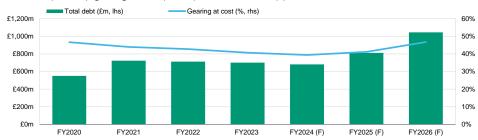
Summary

The credit profile of <u>Great Places Housing Group</u> (Great Places, A3 stable) reflects its strong balance sheet, its solid operating margin - although weakened, the sharp increase in capital expenditure and its volatile exposure to market sales. Great Places' credit profile also benefits from our assessment that there is a strong likelihood that the government of the <u>United Kingdom</u> (UK, Aa3 stable) would intervene in the event that Great Places faces acute liquidity stress.

Exhibit 1

Great Places' debt is expected to increase, weakening its debt ratios

Total debt (£m, lhs), gearing at cost (%, rhs), FY2020-FY2026(F)



F: Forecast Source: Great Places and Moody's Investors Service

Credit strengths

- » Strong balance sheet with relatively low gearing
- » Solid financial performance, although recently weakened
- » Supportive institutional framework

Credit challenges

- » Increasing capital expenditure driving lower liquidity coverage
- » High exposure to market sales and weakening cash flow volatility interest cover

Rating outlook

The stable outlook reflects the expected gradual reduction in inflation and associated cost pressures as well as the proactive actions taken by Great Places' to mitigate the adverse effects of the weaker operating environment, thereby limiting development risk.

Factors that could lead to an upgrade

Upward pressure on the ratings could result from a significant improvement in operating performance, a material reduction in debt or a significant increase in government support for the sector, especially significantly higher levels of capital grants.

Factors that could lead to a downgrade

Downward pressure on the ratings could result from a prolonged weakening in operating performance, debt growing more quickly than forecasts, weaker liquidity or a failure to adapt strategies and risk appetite to mitigate against weaker economic conditions. Lower government support for the sector or a dilution of the regulatory framework could also lead to downward pressure on the ratings.

Key indicators

Exhibit 2

| Great Places Housing Group | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 31-Mar-19 | 31-Mar-20 | 31-Mar-21 | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-23 | 31-Mar-24 (F) | 31-Mar-25 (F) | |
| Units under management (no.) | 19,141 | 19,134 | 24,117 | 24,661 | 25,229 | 25,934 | 26,765 | |
| Operating margin, before interest (%) | 30.0 | 28.6 | 25.8 | 25.3 | 23.6 | 29.0 | 29.1 | |
| Net capital expenditure as % turnover | 16.0 | 16.4 | 25.1 | 21.9 | 27.4 | 59.1 | 79.9 | |
| Social housing letting interest coverage (x times) | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | |
| Cash flow volatility interest coverage (x times) | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 | |
| Debt to revenues (x times) | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.0 | |
| Debt to assets at cost (%) | 47.2 | 46.6 | 43.9 | 42.7 | 40.7 | 39.5 | 41.3 | |

F: Forecast. Note: Forecasts for fiscal 2024 and 2025 are from Great Places' 2023 Business Plan. Source: Great Places and Moody's Investors Service

Detailed credit consideration

On 25 October 2023, Moody's changed the outlook to stable from negative and affirmed Great Places' ratings. The change in outlook followed Moody's change in outlook of the Government of the United Kingdom's Aa3 rating to stable from negative on 20 October 2023.

Great Places' A3 rating combines (1) a baseline credit assessment (BCA) for the entity of baa2 and (2) a strong likelihood of extraordinary support coming from the national government in the event that the entity faced acute liquidity stress.

Baseline Credit Assessment

Strong balance sheet with relatively low gearing

Great Places will retain a strong balance sheet relative to peers, with comparatively low gearing despite a sharp rise in development and capital expenditure (capex).

Gearing stood at 41% in fiscal 2023, well below the estimated A3-rated peer median of 50%, but is expected to increase to 49% by fiscal 2028, brining its closer to rated peers. The increase in gearing is driven by a sharp rise in debt to £1,236 million in fiscal 2028 to fund development programme, from a £701 million in fiscal 2023. We note that sector wide development delays could slowdown the debt increase. While the debt increase is substantial, it follows a period of deleveraging for Great Places between fiscal 2020 and 2023 when assets and turnover grew. To fund the increased development between fiscal 2020 and 2023, Great Places used cash, surplus from fixed asset sales and high levels of capital grant.

Debt to revenues will be volatile, ranging from 3.8x to 4.8x over the next five years compared to the A3-rated peer median of 4.4x in fiscal 2023. The volatility is linked to the debt movements, with a debt decrease expected for fiscal 2024, before increasing again, and to the high market sales exposure.

This publication does not announce a credit rating action. For any credit ratings referenced in this publication, please see the issuer/deal page on https://ratings.moodys.com for the most updated credit rating action information and rating history.

Great Places will receive capital grant of £270 million through its Strategic Partnership to fund development of new homes. This represents an increase compared to the £243 million originally contracted, thanks to negotiations with Homes England to reflect the inflationary pressures. The profiling of capital grant with a significant proportion received prior to completion reduces the group's debt requirement, supporting its strong balance sheet.

The strong balance sheet supports group's strong headroom against its gearing covenants while interest cover covenant has a tight headroom. In fiscal 2023, the performance against its tightest interest cover covenant stood at 1.4x compared to a 1.1x test. Golden rules stipulate that gearing remains below 55% and interest cover remains above 1.25x. Great Places is in the process of changing its interest cover covenant to EBITDA only, from EBITDA MRI which will increase headroom.

Solid financial performance, although recently weakened

Great Places' operating margin stood at 24% in fiscal 2023, slightly down from 25% the year before. The metric has been on a downward trend for several years from 30% in fiscal 2019, although it remains higher than the A3-rated peer median of 22% in fiscal 2023. The operating margin was supposed to increase back to 28% in fiscal 2023, but Great Places faced completion delays, inflationary pressures, increased volume of repairs and increased investment programme to tackle damp & mould.

Great Places expects its operating margin to increase to 29% in fiscal 2024. This improvement is unrealistic in our view due to the continued completion delays, inflationary pressures and high volumes of repairs and maintenance. We expect the operating margin to remain above peers, although not increasing as quickly as Great Places projects.

Great Places' social housing lettings interest coverage (SHLIC) is relatively slim at 1.1x in fiscal 2023, but slightly above the estimated peer median (1.0x). Similarly, whilst Great Places projects an improvement, we expect that SHLIC will remain at 1.1x, also hindered by the issues highlighted above.

On the positive side, Great Places has low interest rate risk, with around 95% (including interest rate swaps) of its drawn debt at fixed rates as of fiscal year end 2023. This will limit interest payment volatility.

Supportive institutional framework

The sector's credit quality will continue to benefit from the strong institutional framework governing English housing associations (HAs) reflected in an Operating Environment score of a3 and a Regulatory Framework score of a1. These scores are assigned at a national level and reflect the following credit considerations:

The regulator maintains strong oversight through quarterly returns, long-term business plans, annual reviews, and by undertaking biennial In-Depth Assessments (IDAs) for large and complex HAs. The regulator has a strong track record of intervention in cases of mismanagement or financial stress with powers to provide financial assistance and/or make manager appointments where there has been a breach of regulatory standards.

The operating environment for English HAs remains supportive. Demand for social housing remains very high and the government has committed to increased capital grant on more flexible terms for new social housing. English HAs retain some expenditure flexibility and have a track record of reducing costs to mitigate lower income.

However, due to presently very high rates of inflation, the government has intervened on social rent policy with a 7% ceiling on social rent increases to be implemented from April 2023 for one year. The ceiling of 7% will likely result in an adverse differential between rental income and cost growth, driving lower margins and interest coverage. The intervention introduces policy volatility to the sector as the ceiling will supersede the allowable increase of consumer price inflation (CPI) plus 1% under the current rent standard, which is in place until March 2025.

Increasing capital expenditure driving lower liquidity coverage

Great Places' capex will rise significantly over the next few years, driving lower liquidity coverage and higher debt. Gross capex is set to double over the next three years, rising to £280 million in fiscal 2026 from £115 million in fiscal 2023. Great Places' combined net capex to turnover ratio will average 82% over the next three years compared to 27% in fiscal 2023, and the estimated A3-rated peer median of 34% in fiscal 2023.

The primary driver for rising capex is a planned increase in development; completions will peak near 1,900 units in fiscal 2027 from 672 in fiscal 2023. The development programme is weighted towards affordable and social rent, with some supported housing, those representing 58% of developed units over fiscal 2024-2028. Shared ownership will represent a high 38%. Only a small proportion of new homes will be for market rent (20 units, less than 1%) and outright sales (4%). Inclusive in these completions are homes delivered as part of the group's Strategic Partnership with Homes England.

Great Places scaled back its previous ambition of developing 11,000 homes in the period 2020-2030 to 10,000 homes over that same period. However, it remains higher than peers that have decreased their own development plans more drastically reflecting the more challenging operating environment. We capture this higher risk appetite in Great Places' ba score for financial management.

Carbon transition risk is low for Great Places with retrofit costs a very low proportion of total capex. As of fiscal 2023, 80% of Great Places' social housing units were rated EPC C or higher, leaving a minority of properties to retrofit to reach EPC C at an estimated cost of £18 million by 2028 which is lower than many of its peers.

Great Places' liquidity coverage ratio will reduce materially going forward driven by simultaneously reducing liquidity and rising capex. The ratio assesses immediately available liquidity compared to two years' forward-looking cash need. Cash is expected to decrease drastically going forward, as capex increases, with combined cash balance falling to below £20 million by fiscal 2026, from £96 million in fiscal 2023.

Whilst the HA's liquidity policy states that Great Places needs to secure funding 18 months before the required need, Great Places decided to delay securing funding until merger's completion. This weaker adherence of internal rules is also reflected in Great Places' ba score for financial management. As the merger talks ended, Great Places is currently negotiating new funding. Securing this funding would boost liquidity, a mitigant.

High exposure to market sales and weakening cash flow volatility interest cover

Market sales exposure will remain high (>20% of turnover) although fluctuating due to phasing, with Great Places' outright sales dropping to 9 units in fiscal 2024 from 42 the year before. Given the current risks we see in the housing market, a smaller exposure to outright sales is a good mitigant.

Great Places has a solid track record of performance on its market sales, with operating margins between 14-17% over the last five years. The group expects a moderation in market sales performance, with a margin averaging 12% over the next three years. Demand continues to be strong with only 2 FTSO units unreserved for greater than 6 months and 0 unsold outright sales units.

Operating cash flows is expected to decrease due to market sales cash outflows, in line with Great Places' development plan. Cash flow volatility interest cover will drop accordingly to 0.8x in fiscal 2024, from 1.7x the year before.

Extraordinary support assumptions

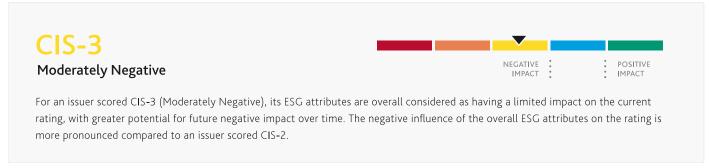
The strong level of extraordinary support factored into the rating reflects the wide-ranging powers available to the regulator in cases of financial distress, with the possibility of a facilitated merger or a transfer of engagements. However, the process can be protracted and is reliant on HAs agreeing to merge, which could be more challenging in a weakening operating environment. Recent history has shown that the UK government is willing to support the sector, as housing remains a politically and economically sensitive issue. The strong support assumption also factors increasing exposure to non-core social housing activities in the sector, that add complexity to HA operations, and the weakening of the sovereign's financial resilience, making an extraordinary intervention slightly more challenging. In addition, our assessment that there is a very high default dependence between Great Places and the UK government reflects their strong financial and operational linkages.

ESG considerations

Great Places Housing Group's ESG Credit Impact Score is Moderately Negative CIS-3

Exhibit 3

ESG Credit Impact Score



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Great Places' **CIS-3** reflects our view that ESG risks have a materially negative impact on its rating. Higher risk appetite than peers will weaken credit quality. In line with the sector, affordability constraints for low-income tenants which have led to government-imposed sub-inflationary rent caps, combined with increased spending around quality, safety and decarbonisation will weaken margins and increase financing needs.

Exhibit 4
ESG Issuer Profile Scores



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Environmental

Great Places has limited exposure to environmental risks (**E-2**). English housing associations have the legislative requirement to improve the energy efficiency of their existing housing stock by 2035 (carbon transition risks), leading to increased expenditure. However, we assess that Great Places has a low exposure to this risk as the vast majority of its housing stock already meets the required efficiency standards.

Social

Great Places has a material exposure to social risks (**S-3**) through sector-wide legislative requirements to improve the safety of existing housing stock (responsible production risks) which weighs on expenditure and operating margins, and the impacts of cost of living or affordability pressures on social tenants (demographic and societal trends) which led to the UK government capping social rent increases below inflation in fiscal 2024 in England, which will also have a negative impact on margins.

Governance

Great Places has higher governance risks than most of the sector (**G-3**) due to somewhat weaker risk management practices including higher risk appetite in terms of development and market sales exposure and also a weaker adherence to internal rules than peers.

ESG Issuer Profile Scores and Credit Impact Scores for the rated entity/transaction are available on Moodys.com. In order to view the latest scores, please click here to go to the landing page for the entity/transaction on MDC and view the ESG Scores section.

Rating methodology and scorecard factors

The assigned Baseline Credit Assessment (BCA) of baa2 is one notch below the scorecard-indicated BCA of baa1.

The methodologies used in this rating were <u>European Social Housing Providers</u> rating methodology, published in April 2018, and <u>Government Related Issuers</u> rating methodology, published in February 2020.

Exhibit 5
Great Places' 2023 scorecard

| Baseline Credit Assessment | Sub-factor Weighting | Value | Score |
|--|----------------------|--------|-------|
| Factor 1: Institutional Framework | | | |
| Operating Environment | 10% | а | а |
| Regulatory Framework | 10% | а | а |
| Factor 2: Market Position | | | |
| Units Under Management | 10% | 25,229 | а |
| Factor 3: Financial Performance | | | |
| Operating Margin | 5% | 23.6% | baa |
| Social Housing Letting Interest Coverage | 10% | 1.1x | baa |
| Cash-Flow Volatility Interest Coverage | 10% | 1.7x | baa |
| Factor 4: Debt and Liquidity | | | |
| Debt to Revenue | 5% | 4.2x | ba |
| Debt to Assets | 10% | 40.7% | ba |
| Liquidity Coverage | 10% | 0.9x | baa |
| Factor 5: Management and Governance | | | |
| Financial Management | 10% | ba | ba |
| Investment and Debt Management | 10% | baa | baa |
| Scorecard - Indicated BCA Outcome | | | baa1 |
| Assigned BCA | | | baa2 |

Source: Great Places and Moody's Investors Service

Ratings

Exhibit 6

| Category | Moody's Rating | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| GREAT PLACES HOUSING GROUP | | | |
| Outlook | Stable | | |
| Baseline Credit Assessment | baa2 | | |
| Issuer Rating -Dom Curr | A3 | | |
| Senior Secured -Dom Curr | A3 | | |
| Source: Moody's Investors Service | | | |

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